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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/550,898	04/17/2000	Hirokazu Aoshima	ASA-878	1272		
24956	7590 02/12/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
MATTINGLY, STANGER & MALUR, P.C.			BURGESS, BARBARA N			
1800 DIAGON SUITE 370	NAL ROAD	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
	A, VA 22314		2157	11		
			DATE MAILED: 02/12/2004	, '		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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••		Applic	cation No.	Applicant(s)	V			
Office Action Summary		09/55	0,898	AOSHIMA ET AL.				
		Exami	iner	Art Unit	-			
			ra N Burgess	2157				
The Mi Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this commun	nication appears on	the cover sheet wit	h th correspondence ad	dress			
THE MAILING - Extensions of tirr after SIX (6) MOI - If the period for r - If NO period for r - Failure to reply w Any reply receive	ED STATUTORY PERIOD F B DATE OF THIS COMMUN the may be available under the provisions NTHS from the mailing date of this com- teply specified above is less than thirty (it eply is specified above, the maximum so rithin the set or extended period for reply the day the Office later than three months that adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In n munication. 30) days, a reply within the tatutory period will apply at y will, by statute, cause the	o event, however, may a re statutory minimum of thirty nd will expire SIX (6) MONT application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timel "HS from the mailing date of this cand				
Status								
1)⊠ Respon	sive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>26 Novemb</u> e	<u>er 2003</u> .					
2a)☐ This act	ion is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action i	is non-final.					
3)☐ Since th	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed i	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Cl	aims							
4a) Of th 5) ☐ Claim(s 6) ☑ Claim(s 7) ☐ Claim(s	4) Claim(s) 1-43,45-47,49-51 and 53-55 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-43,45-47,49-51 and 53-55 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Pape	ers							
10)☐ The draw	t may not request that any obje	: a) ☐ accepted or ection to the drawing(•	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119							
a)	edgment is made of a claim o) Some * c) None of: ertified copies of the priority ertified copies of the priority opies of the certified copies pplication from the International detailed Office action	documents have I documents have I of the priority docu onal Bureau (PCT	peen received. peen received in Apuments have been i Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s)	ences Cited (PTO-892)		4) Intensions Co	ımmary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Drafts	person's Patent Drawing Review (f		Paper No(s)	/Mail Date				
3) N Information Disc Paper No(s)/Ma	closure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or il Date <u>10</u> .	PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Int	formal Patent Application (PTC)-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to amendments submitted on November 26, 2003.

Claims 44, 48, 52, and 56 have been cancelled at the request of the Applicant. Claims 1-43, 45-47, 49-51, and 53-55 are presented for further examination

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 9-11, 12, 22-24, 25, 28-33, 41-43, 45-47, 49-51, 53-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Duursma et al. (hereinafter "Duursma", US 2002/0103884 A1) in view of Levergood et al. (hereinafter "Levergood", 5,708,780).

As per claims 1, 9-10, 12, 22-23, 25, 28, 30-33, 41-43, 45-47, 49-51, 53-55, Duursma discloses an information distributing method of distributing information via a communication path to an information user unit, comprising the steps of:

 Receiving a first request from the information user unit which has received first information from a first information providing resource (paragraphs [0046], [0047]);

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 Transmitting a predetermined program code to the information user unit according to the first request (paragraphs [0046], [0047]);

 Receiving a second request from said information user unit, said second request requesting a second information providing resource to transmit second information quoted in the first information according to the program code (paragraphs [0047], [0048], [0049]).

Duursma does not explicitly disclose:

- Determining in response to the second request whether or not the second request is allowed according to at least identifying information (URI) included in the second request
- Identifying information (URI) identifying said first information.

However, the use and advantages for determining whether a request is allowed according to at least an identifying information (URI) and the URI identifying first information is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by Levergood (column 3, lines 34-65, column 4, lines 10-19, 25-28, column 5, lines 30-55, 63-65, column 6, lines 1-10, 21-25, 27-33, 37-40, 60-65, column 7, lines 15-20, 25-27, 38-46, column 8, lines 5-14).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate determining whether or not a request is allowed according to the URI and the URI identifying the first information in

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Duursma's method in order to identify if a client is allowed to have access to all controlled files within a protection domain.

As per claims 2, 13, and 34, Duursma discloses wherein the determining step determines whether or not the second request is allowed according to:

 Database including a correspondence between an identifier code (ID) specifying second information for which quotation is allowed in the second information providing resource and an identifier of first information in the first information providing source (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]).

As per claims 3, 14, 26, 35, Duursma further discloses wherein:

- The program code has a password (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]);
- Second request includes an identifier code to identify the second information to be quoted and the password (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]);
- Determining step further includes a step of collating the password in the second request received from the information user unit with a valid password (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]).

As per claims 4, 15, 17, and 36, Duursma discloses wherein the determining step allows:

 The identifier code to identify the second information is included in the database (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]).

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As per claims 5, 16, and 37, Duursma further discloses including a step:

 Frequently changing a password in a program code to be sent to the information user unit (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]).

As per claims 11, 24, and 29, Duursma discloses:

- When the first information providing resource and the second information providing
 resource are implemented by a common server, said server distributes the first
 information via the communication path to a client as the information user unit and
 distributes, if the determining step allows the second request, the second information
 quoted in the first information to the client (paragraphs [0031], [0038], [0042],
 [0043]).
- 3. Claims 6-8, 18-21, 27, 38-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Duursma et al. (hereinafter "Duursma", US 2002/0103884 A1) in view of Levergood et al. (hereinafter "Levergood", 5,708,780) and in further view of Savage.

As per claims 6, 8, 18, 20, 27, 38, and 40, Duursma, in view of Levergood, does not explicitly disclose wherein:

- Program code includes an encryption key to encrypt the second request;
- Second request includes information obtained by encrypting an identifier code to identify the second information according to the encryption key;

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 The determining step further includes a step of verifying to determine whether or not the second request can be decoded;

 Frequently changing an encryption key in a program code to be sent to the information user unit

However, in an analogous art, Savage discloses the use of an encryption key (column 3, lines 32-54, column 5, lines 33-38, 65-67, column 6, lines 19-228, 41-46, 64-76).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to implement or incorporate the use of an encryption key in Duursma's method so that third parties monitoring network traffic going to or coming from any of the servers in the system facility, either legally or illegally, are never able to connect an action taken by the server to the identity of a user who is connected to the server.

As per claims 7, 19 and 39, Duursma further discloses wherein the determining step allows:

 Second request when the second request can be decoded and the identifier code to identify the second information is included in the database (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]).

As per claim 21, Duursma further discloses:

Including a database for storing therein a certain number of previous encryption keys
 and a current encryption key (paragraphs [0041]-[0043], [0048]).

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Response to Arguments

The Office notes the following arguments:

(a) Dursma et al. does not teach that the identifier is used for determining whether or not the second request for quoting the second information in the first information is allowed.

In response to:

(a) Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barbara N Burgess whose telephone number is (703) 305-3366. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00am-4:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Ettinene can be reached on (703) 308-7562. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9306 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

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Barbara N Burgess Examiner Art Unit 2157

February 6, 2004

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100